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CALGARY ASSESSMENT REVIEW BOARD DECISION WITH REASONS

In the matter of the complaint against the property assessment as provided by the *Municipal Government Act*, Chapter M-26, Section 460, Revised Statutes of Alberta 2000 (the Act).

between

Marcat Properties Ltd. (as represented by Altus Group Limited), COMPLAINANT

and

The City Of Calgary, RESPONDENT

before

L. Yakimchuk, PRESIDING OFFICER P. Charuk, MEMBER J. Pratt, MEMBER

This is a complaint to the Calgary Assessment Review Board in respect of a property assessment prepared by the Assessor of The City of Calgary and entered in the 2012 Assessment Roll as follows:

ROLL NUMBER: 032044604

LOCATION ADDRESS: 3651 19 St NE

FILE NUMBER: 66812

ASSESSMENT: \$4,880,000

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This complaint was heard on August 9, 2012 at the office of the Assessment Review Board located at Floor Number 4, 1212 – 31 Avenue NE, Calgary, Alberta, Boardroom 4.

Appeared on behalf of the Complainant:

• C. VanStaden, Altus Group Limited

Appeared on behalf of the Respondent:

• *M. Hartmann, Calgary Assessment*

Board's Decision in Respect of Procedural or Jurisdictional Matters:

[1] Prior to the merit hearing, the Board was asked to address several preliminary issues. These included

- 1) Late arrival of Rebuttal Evidence. The Rebuttal Evidence submitted by Altus Group Limited was due at midnight July 30, 2012. It arrived at the ARB offices the following day. For this reason, the Respondent asked that the Rebuttal Evidence be removed from the presentation. The Complainant, Altus Group Limited, presented documentation that the evidence had been emailed on July 30 and refused by the City of Calgary server (rejected by a Spamhaus block list). Ms. C. VanStaden, Altus, stated that she contacted the City about the block the next morning and delivered the material the next day (also documented). As the Board is not bound by the rules of evidence, and as Altus Group Limited took immediate action to amend the problem which occurred through no fault of their own, the Board chose to include the Rebuttal Evidence in the evidence.
- 2) <u>New Information in Rebuttal Evidence.</u> The Respondent asked that any new evidence in the Rebuttal Evidence be removed as it was not available to the Respondent in the original Evidence package. The Complainant said the evidence supplied was all in direct response to the presentation by the Respondent. The Board decided that any Rebuttal Evidence that did not directly respond to evidence in the package would be removed as the evidence was presented. The Complainant agreed to use only information on properties used in document R-1 in the Rebuttal.
- 3) Evidence Pertinent to Section 299 of the Municipal Government Act (MGA). The Complainant asked that information requested by the Complainant from the City and not revealed in a timely fashion as legislated by Section 299 of the MGA be removed from the Respondent's Evidence. Accordingly, evidence pertaining to 4535-8A St NE was removed from all evidence packages and was not referred to in the merit hearing.

Property Description:

[2] The subject property was assessed as a 52,640 square foot (sf) multi-tenanted Industrial Warehouse built on 2.94 Acres (A) of land in the North Airways Industrial District of NE Calgary. The building was completed in 1977 and was assessed at a value of \$4,880,000 (\$93/sf).

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Issues:

[3] Is the Approach to Assessment used by the City of Calgary appropriate for this property? How does the Assessment to Sales Ratio (ASR) affect this property subgroup?

Complainant's Requested Value: \$3,900,000

Board's Decision in Respect of Each Matter or Issue:

Evidence and Arguments

[4] The Complainant, C. VanStaden, on behalf of Altus Group Ltd., presented a list of Sales of three comparable properties with a median Time Adjusted Sales Price (TASP) of \$92/sf and a median assessment of \$99/sf (average: \$97/sf). Ms. VanStaden argued that all of the comparable properties commanded a higher rent (\$8/sf to \$12.50/sf) than the subject (\$5.00/sf and \$7.50/sf).

[5] The Complainant included an Assessment to Sales Ratio (ASR) which she argued indicated that the Assessments were not supported by the Sales.

[6] The Complainant also presented a Cost Estimation based on Marshall and Swift lists. The calculated value was \$3,900,000.

[7] Ms. VanStaden presented an Income Calculation based on City rates and actual rent rates which resulted in a value between \$3,548,955 and \$3,936,114 (\$67/sf and \$75/sf). The actual rent rates were supported by an Assessment Request for Information (ARFI).

[8] The Respondent, M. Hartmann, presented a list of four Industrial Sales of which she said two were most comparable as the improvements were single buildings. The median value of the two properties was \$88/sf. The median with the two multiple building properties was \$90/sf.

[9] The Respondent stated that there were seven key factors which the City considered in Industrial Property assessment and that all of these factors were used to find comparable properties:

- 1) Building Type (Single-tenant, multi-tenant, outbuilding)
- 2) Net Rentable Area
- 3) Actual Year of Construction
- 4) Region/Location
- 5) Interior Finish Ratio
- 6) Site Coverage
- 7) Multiple Buildings

[10] Ms. Hartmann argued that properties with multiple buildings were best compared to other properties with multiple buildings. She also argued that the Sales Approach was the best confirmation that an assessment is at Market Value.

Board Findings

[11] The Board decided that the Complainant's ASR study confirmed the quote from Altus: "Ratio statistics cannot be used to judge the level of appraisal of an individual parcel." *(Standard*

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on Ratio Studies 2010, International Association of Assessing Officers) (C1, p14).

[12] The Board agreed that Sales of comparable properties are the best confirmation of Market Values, where appropriate comparables can be found. The Board examined the comparable sales presented by both parties, and found that the TASP of the three properties presented by the Complainant and the two single-building properties presented by the Respondent resulted in a median value of \$96.95/sf for properties similar to the subject. The assessment was also equitable with the assessments of the properties presented by the Complainant.

[13] The Board decided that the Sales comparables support the assessed value of the subject property at \$92/sf. For this reason the Board accepted the assessment for the subject.

Board's Decision:

[14] The Board confirms the assessment at \$4,880,000.

DATED AT THE CITY OF CALGARY THIS 5 DAY OF September 2012. Lana Yakimchuk

Presiding Officer

APPENDIX "A"

DOCUMENTS PRESENTED AT THE HEARING AND CONSIDERED BY THE BOARD:

<u>NO.</u>			
1. C1	Complainant Disclosure		
2. C2, parts 2 and 4	Complainant Rebuttal		
3. R2	Respondent Disclosure		

An appeal may be made to the Court of Queen's Bench on a question of law or jurisdiction with respect to a decision of an assessment review board.

Any of the following may appeal the decision of an assessment review board:

- (a) the complainant;
- (b) an assessed person, other than the complainant, who is affected by the decision;
- (c) the municipality, if the decision being appealed relates to property that is within the boundaries of that municipality;
- (d) the assessor for a municipality referred to in clause (c).

An application for leave to appeal must be filed with the Court of Queen's Bench within 30 days after the persons notified of the hearing receive the decision, and notice of the application for leave to appeal must be given to

- (a) the assessment review board, and
- (b) any other persons as the judge directs.

For MGB Administrative Use Only:

Decision No. 0808-2012-P		Roll No. 092028703		
Subject	Туре	Issue	Detail	Issue
CARB	Industrial Warehouse	Multi	Sales	Approach/ASR